MEDCHI, THE MARYLAND STATE MEDICAL SOCIETY HOUSE OF DELEGATES

Medical Student Section

INTRODUCED BY:

Resolution 34-18

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SUBJECT:	Supporting Pilot Programs of Overdose Prevention Sites in Maryland
Whereas, Maryland ranks deaths ¹ ; and	s in the top five states with the highest rates of opioid-related overdose
	hs per 100,000 in Maryland in 2016 were related to prescription opioids pared to the national rate of 13.3 deaths per 100,000 ¹ ; and
Whereas, Maryland expe 58.9% increase from 201	rienced a 20.4% increase in overdose death rates from 2014 to 2015 and 5 to 2016^2 ; and
<u> </u>	drugs can generally be reversed with drugs like naloxone, saving but requires someone there to notice; and
	isting policies and a task force to "help Maryland physicians address the courage expansion of treatment centers and treatment options for people and
•	natic review showed supervised injection facilities promote safer duce overdoses all while having no effect on overall drug use, crime, or
	ction facilities have been associated with health cost savings due to nfections and skin and soft tissue infections associated with injection ⁴ ;
generate \$7.8 million in s	nalysis of a supervised injection facilities in Baltimore found it would savings while lowering overdose related deaths, ambulance calls, and hospitalizations ⁵ ; and

Whereas, Baltimore, Philadelphia, San Francisco, Seattle and other cities have proposed legislation for supervised injection facilities⁶; and

Whereas, existing treatment centers in Maryland provide infrastructure to expand the scope to providing supervised injections; and

Whereas, AMA policy H-95.925 states "Our AMA supports the development and implementation of pilot supervised injection facilities (SIFs) in the United States"; therefore be it

Resolved, that MedChi support legislation for the development of pilot overdose prevention sites, also known as supervised injection facilities, in Maryland that are designed to address the opioid crisis while gathering data that can be used by lawmakers to assess the efficacy of supervised injection facilities.

As adopted by the House of Delegates at its meeting on September 22, 2018.

References

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5. Irwin, A., Jozaghi, E., Weir, B. W., Allen, S. T., Lindsay, A., & Sherman, S. G. (2017). Mitigating the heroin crisis in Baltimore, MD, USA: A cost-benefit analysis of a hypothetical supervised injection facility. Harm Reduction Journal, 14(1). doi:10.1186/s12954-017-0153-2

 6. Benusic, M. (2018, April 18). Safe consumption sites save lives. Retrieved from http://www.baltimoresun.com/news/opinion/oped/bs-ed-op-0419-consumption-sites-20180418-story.html

Relevant AMA Policy

Pilot Implementation of Supervised Injection Facilities H-95.925

Our AMA supports the development and implementation of pilot supervised injection facilities (SIFs) in the United States that are designed, monitored, and evaluated to generate data to inform policymakers on the feasibility, effectiveness, and legal aspects of SIFs in reducing harms and health care costs related to injection drug use.